## **INFO 430: Business Analytics**

Airline Customer Satisfaction Dominic Bartolomeo & Christopher Desmond

### Introduction:

The following data analysis of the airlinequality.com customer satisfaction reports will provide a detailed review of customer opinions on various factors of several different airlines. The user-provided information such as the reviewer's name, how many reviews the reviewer made, the cabin class the reviewer flew (economy, business, or first class), what airline was used, and other reviewer-rated aspects of their flight. We can use this data to determine whether certain aspects of a reviewer's flight led to a "Yes" recommendation or a "No" recommendation. In the following analysis, we used several analytical data and text models to conclude our personal recommendations for the individual airlines to improve their customer satisfaction and retention based on our supported analytical analysis.

#### **Data preparation:**

The Airline Dataset contains quantitative data to represent individual customer satisfaction levels based on multiple factors. These factors are Value for money, Seat comfort, Catering, Entertainment, and whether or not the customers Recommend the airline. For our analysis, we decided to drop the 'URL' data as they are not significant to the analysis. - the URL data variable is not quantitative. We also noticed that there are multiple missing values within the data set that we plan to impute when running models.

The metadata is ready to be used based on the updated SAS studio data table. As seen in **Figure 2.1** we dropped 'URL' and re-coded Value for Money, Seat Comfort, Catering, Entertainment, and Cabin Flown into numeric data types, as they were character types before. In the process flow shown in **Figure 2.3**, we converted the provided Airline\_Dataset.xlsx table to an Airline\_Dataset.sas7bdat. In the process flow, we dropped the unnecessary data table including 'URLs'.

The target variable of the Airline dataset is the 'Recommended' data which identifies the overall opinion of the customer's level of satisfaction with the Airline. Other important variables include Value\_for\_money, Seat\_comfort, Catering, and Entertainment. These variables are measured on a scale from 0-1, the higher the better. The distribution of the target data is different for every airline with some, AA and Emirate, skewing left, as seen in **Figures 2.10 & 2.12**, and having good ratings overall and a majority of their customers saying they would recommend the

airline. Others like Qantas skew right, as seen in **Figure 2.11**, and show low ratings across the board and most customers would not recommend these airlines. As for issues in the data we have noticed there are a few missing variables that must be converted inside the dataset.

#### 3. Data analysis:

In **Figure 3.4**, we used Enterprise Miner to run four separate analysis models, we compared each model to find which was most significant. The four models we compared in our analysis were the Probability tree, Misclassification tree, Linear regression, and a Neural network. We used a model comparison node to evaluate the models based on the validation Average Square Error rate, which can be seen in **Figure 3.3**.

For our dataset, we used the "Recommended" variable as our target variable for the analysis. We select it as it shows whether or not the review from the customer was recommended as 'Yes' or 'No' and displays a great overall description of the review. To start our analysis we used a Data Partition node and a 70:30 split, 70 being for the training dataset and 30 being for the validation dataset, 0 for the test dataset. Then we added a Transform Variable node and rejected all nominal data. Following this we used the Impute node to reject the missing variables inside the dataset, we only connected the Impute node to the Regression and Neural Network nodes as they are sensitive to the missing values. We did not attach the impute node to the misclassification tree and the probability tree. To create our four models for analysis we created two decision tree nodes, one tree to identify the probability rate which has an assessment measure of Average Square Error, and another tree to measure the misclassification rate of the data assessment measure of decision. Connected to the impute node is the regression node which we modified to run a linear regression and a neural network, all of the models are connected to a model comparison node.

Based on the returned results for the model comparison node we determined that the Neural network model has the lowest ASE, of 0.055 in **Figure 3.3** & **Figure 3.2**, and was the selected model based on the model comparison ASE criteria. We found this information to be conclusive and recommended using the neural network model when analyzing the recommended target variable for the airline dataset as it has the lowest rate of average square error.

As shown in **Figure 3.5** there are 21 topics that produce from the Review variable. Some topics include the airlines, seats, and our user-rated variables, such as Entertainment and Cabin Flown information, as seen in **Figure 3.6**. In the process of finding the best model for predicting "Yes" we created the Flow Diagram shown in **Figure 3.10**. First, we used a Data Partition node to, as the name suggests, partition the data. We set the Training percentage to 75, Validation to 25, and Test to 0. Next for Text Parsing, we deleted the default table. For the Text Filter node, we changed the frequency weighting to Log and term weight to Inverse Document Frequency. For Metadata we changed all of the "text\_topic\_raw" data, as well as the reviewer data. For the models, Decision tree, Neural Network, and Regression, we changed the assessment method for the Decision Tree to ASE, then we changed Neural Network's model selection criterion to Average Error and changed the regression type to Linear regression for the Regression node. Finally running the model comparison, the model with the best ASE is the Decision Tree, as shown in **Figures 3.8 & 3.9**. In conclusion, the information in the review variable is useful to determine if a "Yes" will be the recommendation of any reviewer, specifically as shown in **Figure 3.10** the Seat Comfort is the most useful.

### **Results:**

Based on our several analysis models of the airline dataset we have the following recommendations to make for airline company managers to improve customer satisfaction and retention rates. Using **Figure 3.11**, we can conclude the most discussed topic from all airline reviews is the level of seat comfort on the aircraft. Our analysis concludes that customers are inclined to be happier overall based on the level of seat comfort. The leaf nodes closely following the Seat Comfort is the catering rating, or level of customer satisfaction based on the airline-provided food, which seems to be a very high concern for customers across all airlines. This is also supported based on our analysis of **Figure 2.5** Qantas Summary Statistics, in the following summary statistic it can be identified that for the 'Recommended - No' division of the statistic Seat Comfort and Catering Rating are the highest levels of nominal data factors that affect the decision of customer satisfaction. The mean for the seat comfort value is .40 and the mean for the catering rating value is at .63 showing just how significant the following factors are to opinions of the customer recommendation based on the airline. This data is consistent with the other airline summary statistic figures shown in **Figures 2.4 - 2.9**.

We also identified the text topic of 'cancellations, hour, delay' as other important factors to consider as they are frequently discussed in the review text topics. The text topics 'cancellations, hour, delay' being important issues to customers is also supported inside **Figure 3.5 - Text Cluster Data**, as terms included inside the text topic, such as delay, occur many times inside the dataset. For example, cluster ID 20 includes terms such as the topics 'delay, miss, late' are mentioned with a frequency of 95, proving to be alarming to customers. Our findings report customers are very sensitive to time-sensitive obstacles as seen in the **Figure 3.11** decision tree when looking at the '< 0.7 or missing value', reviews mentioning delays, cancellations, etc. are correlated with a low value for money and seem to make customers very frustrated.

Based on our analysis models we greatly urge airline managers to focus on Seat comfort and Catering quality (airline-provided food) to increase customer satisfaction and raise the customer opinions of the airline and the value for money factor of the airline. We also would recommend improving the operations of the airlines to prevent as many delays/cancellations as possible for the airline as customers are incredibly sensitive when time-sensitive topics occur.

### **Figures:**

```
Process Flow 2 > FinalProgramAirline
            LOG
                    RESULTS
  CODE
                              NODE
夫 ④マ 😡 🐻 🖪 兽 👏 🍽 斧 🌇 🏦 🛛 Line # 🔘 🕆 🛄 🚟 🐰
  1 Data FinalPrj.AIRLINE DATASET;
  2 set FinalPrj.Import;
  3
  4 drop URLS;
  5 drop Value_for_money;
  6 drop Seat comfort;
  7 drop Catering;
  8 drop Entertainment;
  9 drop cabin flown;
 10
 11
 12 CabinFlown = input(cabin flown, $12.);
 13 ValueForMoney = input(Value_for_money,3.);
 14 SeatComfort = input(Seat_comfort,3.);
 15 CateringRating = input(Catering, 3.);
 16 EntertainmentRating = input(Entertainment, 3.);
 17 run;
 18
```

Figure 2.1 Recording Airline Data

Column names	- 🖪 🛔 🖸	🗄 🛛 🍞 Filter: (no	ne)		
tal rows: 1474 T	otal columns: 10			ŀ	🕈 🗧 🗧 🗧
Location	Recommen	CabinFlown	ValueForMoney	SeatComfort	CateringRating
USA	NO	Economy	0.4	0.2	0.
USA	YES	Premium Eco	1	1	0.
USA	YES	Economy	1	0.8	0.
USA	NO	Economy	0	0.2	
Panama	NO	Business	0.4	0.4	0.
USA	NO	Economy	0.2	0.6	0.
USA	NO	Economy	0.2	0.6	0.
USA	NO	First Class	0	0	
UK	YES	Premium Eco	1	0.8	0.
USA	NO	First Class	0.6	0.6	0.
USA	YES	Business	1	1	
USA	YES	Business	0.8	0.8	0
New Zealan	d NO	Economy	0.6	0.4	0
USA	NO	Economy	0.2	0	
USA	YES	Premium Eco	0.8	0.8	0.
Canada	NO	Economy	0.4	0.2	
France	YES	Premium Eco	0.8	0.6	0
USA	YES	Business	0.8	1	0
USA	YES	Economy	0.8	0.8	0
USA	NO	Economy	0.2	0.8	
Netherlands	YES	Economy	0.8	0.6	0
New Zealan	d NO	Economy	0.6	0.8	0.

Figure 2.2 Recoded Airline Data Chart

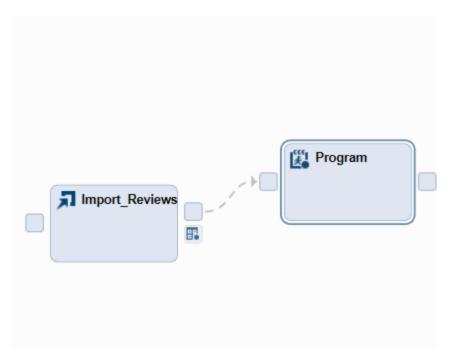


Figure 2.3 Reviews Process Flow

			Airline=Em	irates				
Recommended	CabinFlown	N Obs	Variable	Mean	Std Dev	Minimum	Maximum	N
NO	Business	15	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.4800000 0.6400000 0.5333333 0.8000000	0.1264911 0.2164651 0.2225395 0.2390457	0.2000000 0.2000000 0.2000000 0.2000000	0.6000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	15 15 15
	Economy	67	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.4626866 0.4985075 0.5104478 0.8507937	0.1748036 0.2421448 0.2182120 0.2093562	0.2000000 0 0.2000000 0.2000000	0.8000000 1.0000000 0.8000000 1.0000000	67 67 67 63
	First Class	3	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.4666667 0.66666667 0.6000000 0.9333333	0.3055050 0.4163332 0.200000 0.1154701	0.2000000 0.2000000 0.4000000 0.8000000	0.8000000 1.0000000 0.8000000 1.0000000	3 3 3
YES	Business	52	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8423077 0.8289231 0.8538482 0.8244898	0.1741603 0.1483443 0.1539818 0.2402521	0 0.4000000 0.4000000 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	52 52 52 49
	Economy	104	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8384615 0.7500000 0.8384615 0.8755102	0.1626884 0.1757094 0.1764305 0.1894437	0.4000000 0.2000000 0.2000000 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	104 104 104 98
	First Class	18	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8888889 0.9777778 0.8555556 0.7888889	0.1231398 0.0646762 0.2035630 0.3393573	0.6000000 0.8000000 0.4000000 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	18 18 18

Figure 2.4 Emirates Summary Statistics

			Airline=Qar	ntas				
Recommended	CabinFlown	N Obs	Variable	Mean	Std Dev	Minimum	Maximum	N
NO	Business	14	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.4000000 0.4428571 0.5428571 0.6428571	0.2075498 0.2502748 0.2533295 0.3894388	0.2000000 0.2000000 0 0	0.8000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	14 14 14 14
	Economy	28	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.4307692 0.4307692 0.6000000 0.7769231	0.2168303 0.1934306 0.2939388 0.2486889	0 0.2000000 0.2000000 0	1.0000000 0.8000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	28 28 28 28
	First Class	2	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.400000 0.700000 0.700000 0.600000	0.2828427 0.4242641 0.1414214 0.2828427	0.2000000 0.4000000 0.6000000 0.4000000	0.6000000 1.0000000 0.8000000 0.8000000	2 2 2 2
	Premium Eco	2	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.3000000 0.4000000 0.6000000 0.8000000	0.1414214 0 0 0.2828427	0.2000000 0.4000000 0.6000000 0.6000000	0.4000000 0.4000000 0.6000000 1.0000000	2 2 2 2
YES	Business	58	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8484288 0.8714288 0.8145455 0.7773585	0.1788491 0.1723783 0.2067546 0.2736094	0.2000000 0.2000000 0.2000000 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	56 56 55 53
	Economy	99	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8686869 0.7898990 0.7717172 0.7814433	0.1375043 0.1837783 0.2490985 0.2785118	0.400000 0.200000 0 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	99 99 99 97
	First Class	4	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8500000 1.0000000 1.0000000 0.8888887	0.1000000 0 0.1154701	0.8000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 0.8000000	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	4 4 3
	Premium Eco	20	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8500000 0.8300000 0.8600000 0.8555556	0.1701393 0.1490320 0.2257152 0.1503808	0.400000 0.400000 0 0.6000000	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	20 20 20 18

# Figure 2.5 Qantas Summary Statistics

			Airline=Singapo	re Airline				
Recommended	CabinFlown	N Obs	Variable	Mean	Std Dev	Minimum	Maximum	1
NO	Business	6	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating	0.4000000 0.4000000 0.6333333	0.1788854 0.2190890 0.4273952	0.2000000 0.2000000 0	0.6000000 0.6000000 1.0000000	
			EntertainmentRating	0.8333333	0.3204164	0.2000000	1.0000000	
	Economy	32	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.4687500 0.5187500 0.7000000 0.7103448	0.2070338 0.2428826 0.2962127 0.3277029	0 0 0	0.8000000 0.8000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	3 3 3 2
	First Class	1	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.400000 1.000000 0 1.000000	-	0.400000 1.000000 0 1.000000	0.400000 1.000000 0 1.000000	
YES	Business	33	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8181818 0.8666667 0.8258065 0.8437500	0.2256304 0.1779513 0.1611785 0.1684380	0.2000000 0.2000000 0.4000000 0.4000000	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	3333
	Economy	103	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8679612 0.8155340 0.8333333 0.8257426	0.1415693 0.1829804 0.1991732 0.2377618	0.4000000 0 0.2000000 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	10 10 10
	First Class	4	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8500000 0.9000000 0.9000000 0.4500000	0.1914854 0.2000000 0.1154701 0.3415850	0.6000000 0.6000000 0.8000000 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 0.8000000	
	Premium Eco	1	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.600000 0.600000 0.800000 1.000000	-	0.6000000 0.6000000 0.8000000 1.0000000	0.600000 0.600000 0.800000 1.000000	

## Figure 2.6 Singapore Airlines Summary Statistics

			Airline=Sout	thwest				
Recommended	CabinFlown	N Obs	Variable	Mean	Std Dev	Minimum	Maximum	N
NO	Business	1	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8000000 0.6000000 0.4000000		0.800000 0.600000 0.400000	0.8000000 0.6000000 0.4000000	1 1 1 0
	Economy	35	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.3485714 0.4457143 0.3657143	0.1960964 0.1945475 0.2350755	0.2000000 0 0	0.8000000 0.6000000 0.8000000	35 35 35 0
YES	Cabin	1	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	1.0000000 1.0000000 0.8000000		1.000000 1.000000 0.800000	1.0000000 1.0000000 0.8000000	1 1 1 0
	Economy	104	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.9230769 0.8230769 0.6576923	0.1879290 0.1875912 0.3432284	0 0 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	104 104 104 0

## Figure 2.7 Southwest Summary Statistics

Recommended	CabinFlown	N Obs	Variable	Mean	Std Dev	Minimum	Maximum	N
NO	Business	5	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.3800000 0.4800000 0.2000000 0.4000000	0.1673320 0.2280351 0.1414214 0.3162278	0.2000000 0.2000000 0 0	0.600000 0.800000 0.400000 0.800000	5 5 5 5
	Economy	87	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.3149425 0.4252874 0.3057471 0.2942529	0.1895703 0.2511455 0.2195960 0.3032216	0 0 0	0.8000000 1.0000000 0.8000000 1.0000000	87 87 87 87
	First Class	8	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.1750000 0.4750000 0.2000000 0.2000000	0.1281740 0.2815772 0.2138090 0.1851640	0.2000000 0 0	0.4000000 1.0000000 0.6000000 0.6000000	8 8 8
YES	Business	11	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.7818182 0.8727273 0.8363636 0.4800000		0.6000000 0.8000000 0.6000000 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 0.8000000	11 11 11 10
	Economy	62	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8548387 0.7580645 0.6032258 0.3866667	0.1210303 0.1408969 0.2673291 0.4048296	0.6000000 0.4000000 0 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	62 62 62 60
	First Class	10	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8200000 0.7600000 0.8200000 0.2800000	0.1135292 0.1264911 0.1475730 0.3293090	0.600000 0.600000 0.6000000 0.6000000	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 0.8000000	10 10 10 10

Figure 2.8 US Airways Summary Statistics

Recommended	CabinFlown	N Obs	Variable	Mean	Std Dev	Minimum	Maximum	N
NO	Business	15	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.3733333 0.5733333 0.4285714 0.5886667	0.2120198 0.2374487 0.3023716 0.3583029	0 0.2000000 0 0	0.8000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	15 15 14 15
	Economy	133	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.3774438 0.4481203 0.4150378 0.4854962	0.1901421 0.2311373 0.2802858 0.3356102	0 0 0	0.8000000 0.8000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	133 133 133 131
	First Class	7	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.3428571 0.4857143 0.2571429 0.3142857	0.2225395 0.3804759 0.2507133 0.2544836	0 0 0	0.6000000 1.0000000 0.6000000 0.6000000	1
	Premium Eco	27	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.3829830 0.4074074 0.3703704 0.3851852	0.2150995 0.2384661 0.2812265 0.3634278	0 0 0	0.8000000 0.8000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	21 21 21 21
YES	Business	24	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8250000 0.8500000 0.6333333 0.6083333	0.1359348 0.1351328 0.3212295 0.2796219	0.600000 0.400000 0 0.2000000	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	2 2 2 2
	Economy	40	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8300000 0.7200000 0.6200000 0.4205128	0.1399634 0.1488417 0.2633122 0.3172078	0.6000000 0.4000000 0 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	4( 4( 4( 3)
	First Class	11	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8181818 0.8545455 0.6545455 0.2727273	0.1401298 0.0934199 0.2696799 0.3495452	0.6000000 0.8000000 0 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	11 11 11 11
	Premium Eco	28	ValueForMoney SeatComfort CateringRating EntertainmentRating	0.8461538 0.8230769 0.5384615 0.3769231	0.1303250 0.1305809 0.2248385 0.3409489	0.6000000 0.6000000 0	1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000	20 20 20 20

Figure 2.9 United Airlines Summary Statistics

Results: Distribution Analysis

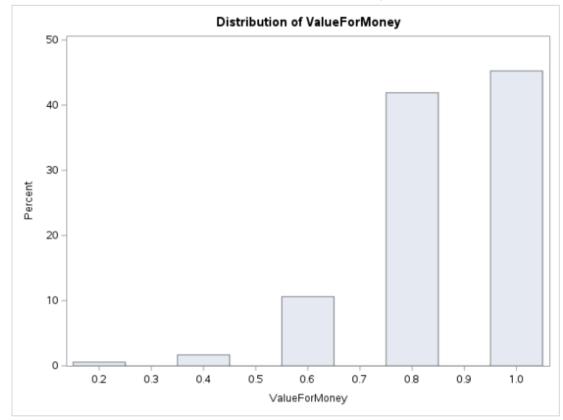


Figure 2.10 American Airline Recommended = YES

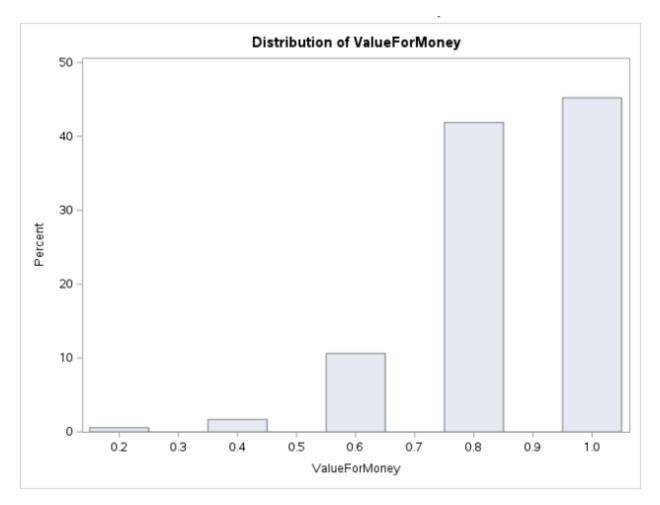


Figure 2.11 Qantas Airline Recommended = YES

Results: Distribution Analysis

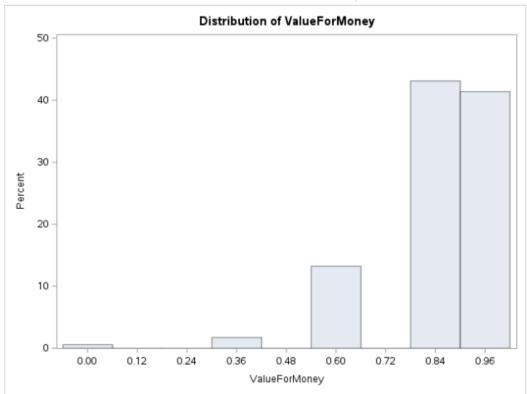
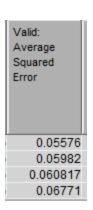


Figure 2.12 Emirates Airline Recommended = YES

Target	Target Label	Fit Statistics	Statistics Label	Train	Validation
Recommended	Recommended	_DFT_	Total Degrees of Free	1031	
Recommended	Recommended	_DFE_	Degrees of Freedom f	1006	
Recommended	Recommended	_DFM_	Model Degrees of Fre	25	
Recommended	Recommended	_NW_	Number of Estimated	25	
Recommended	Recommended	_AIC_	Akaike's Information C	415.4518	
Recommended	Recommended	_SBC_	Schwarz's Bayesian C	538.9089	
Recommended	Recommended	_ASE_	Average Squared Error	0.05256	0.056045
Recommended	Recommended	_MAX_	Maximum Absolute Err	0.99444	0.985544
Recommended	Recommended	_DIV_	Divisor for ASE	2062	886
Recommended	Recommended	_NOBS_	Sum of Frequencies	1031	443
Recommended	Recommended	_RASE_	Root Average Squared	0.229259	0.236738
Recommended	Recommended	_SSE_	Sum of Squared Errors	108.3779	49.65597
Recommended	Recommended	_SUMW_	Sum of Case Weights	2062	886
Recommended	Recommended	_FPE_	Final Prediction Error	0.055172	
Recommended	Recommended	_MSE_	Mean Squared Error	0.053866	0.056045
Recommended	Recommended	_RFPE_	Root Final Prediction	0.234887	
Recommended	Recommended	RMSE_	Root Mean Squared E	0.23209	0.236738
Recommended	Recommended	_AVERR_	Average Error Function	0.177232	0.188452
Recommended	Recommended	_ERR_	Error Function	365.4518	166.9683
Recommended	Recommended	_MISC_	Misclassification Rate	0.074685	0.074492
Recommended	Recommended	WRONG	Number of Wrong Cla	77	33

Figure 3.1 Fit Statistics for Model Comparison w/o Text Mining

Fit Statisti	cs										
Selected Model	Predecessor Node	Model Node	Model Description	Target Variable	Target Label	Selection Criterion: Valid: Misclassifica tion Rate	Train: Sum of Frequencies	Train: Misclassifica tion Rate	Train: Maximum Absolute Error	Train: Sum of Squared Errors	Train: Average Squared Error
Y	Neural	Neural	Neural Net	Recommen	Recommen	0.074492	1031	0.074685	0.99444	108.3779	0.0525
	Tree	Tree	probability t	Recommen	Recommen	0.079007	1031	0.077595	0.996063	119.2823	0.05784
	Tree2	Tree2	misclassifi	Recommen	Recommen	0.079007	1031	0.077595	0.971519	125.6743	0.06094
	Reg	Reg	Regression	Recommen	Recommen	0.079007	1031	0.080504	1.452137	80.1225	0.0777



### Figure 3.2 Fit Statistics Showing the Best Comparison



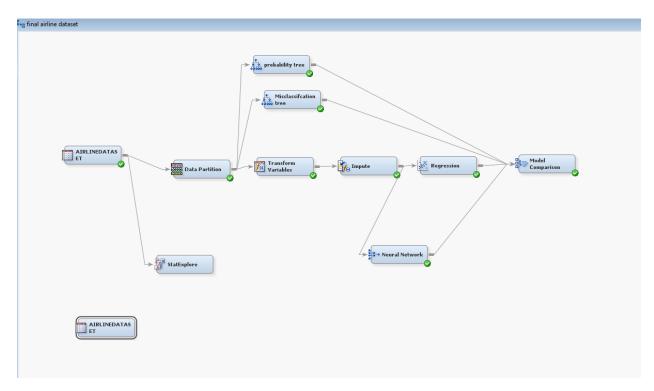


Figure 3.4 Flow Diagram w/o Text Mining

Cluster ID	Descriptive Terms	Frequency	Percentage
	1 swa southwest open +know +reason +agree +policy +fee +cheap +choose +fare free luck	11	1%
	2+delay +cancel +day +connect +miss +'connecting flight' +hotel next +book +hour morning	114	8%
	3'on time' +early +arrive overall +'all flight' +flight clean +friendly great return +crew +snack	114	8%
	4earlybird +access 24hours +chip +check-in +month +book advance 'at all' +mile +happen	12	1%
	5guess vegas southwest simply lucky +kind +hear +employee +plane american uncomforta	16	1%
	6a380 excellent +lounge dubai dxb +crew ife always +food +drink 'a bit' comfortable emirate	119	8%
	7united weather chicago +pass san +employee +customer luggage diego lax vegas +check	84	6%
	8dxb +transfer +terminal +poor dubai +connection emirates +late +desk +minute +long +wa	36	2%
	9singapore +great melbourne a380 sydney airlines attentive qantas excellent +service +frien	110	7%
	10+child +sit son +young +old +daughter +year +family +age +attendant southwest +move +	36	2%
	11+leg +room 'leg room' +aisle +seat +pay +drink +attendant +fee +upgrade first clean +frie	138	9%
	12airways charlotte +side clean +easy +review airlines +'all flight' +ticket +airline 'on time' +fe	24	2%
	13+bag checked 'carry on' free +check luggage +want baggage +snack +group check south	65	4%
	14+class business 'business class' first +lounge +bed +choice flat +upgrade class +seat +p	107	7%
	15class +bed business flat first comfortable +lounge attentive +access +wine good aircraft +	50	3%
	16entertainment emirates +'entertainment system' inflight dubai +system +food +meal +feel +t	138	9%
	17aa jfk +tv +bad +kind +movie +experience +hear +old +transfer 'at all' +fly +food +poor lu	60	4%
	18+long +haul +'long haul' pleasant 'good service' international +cheap +fare +review +airline	57	4%
	19economy qantas premium 'upper deck' upper deck +wine +feel sydney +serve ife +cabin	59	4%
	20+delay +gate +wait finally +connection +minute +late +sit +hour +plane +agent +arrive +d	95	6%
	21san +'gate agent' funny jose ca boarding +agent diego +gate +area +group free +desk sw	29	2%

## Figure 3.5 Text Cluster Data

Торіс	Category	Term Cutoff	Document Cutoff	Number of Terms	# Docs
on time,+arrive,+pay,+flight,return	Multiple	0.031	0.115	167	115
+cancel,+hour,+delay,+day,+flight	Multiple	0.03	0.117	137	145
dubai,emirates,+airport,dxb,ice	Multiple	0.03	0.092	146	130
business,+class,business class,+seat,+lounge	Multiple	0.03	0.086	126	116
staff,+seat,+leg,+check-in,+room	Multiple	0.031	0.072	166	112
+attendant,+drink,inflight,+flight attendant,boarding	Multiple	0.031	0.07	191	66
+system,entertainment,united,+entertainment system,on time	Multiple	0.031	0.093	140	164
sydney,+great,qantas,a380,singapore	Multiple	0.03	0.127	115	158
return,boarding,return,+pass,+hour	Multiple	0.031	0.088	156	122
+cabin,+crew,+cabin crew,+travel,+crew	Multiple	0.031	0.08	145	140
staff,+good,+long,+delay,pleasant	Multiple	0.031	0.099	157	121
+meal,+serve,dinner,+attendant,breakfast	Multiple	0.031	0.085	189	157

# Figure 3.6 Text Topic Data

Name	Role	Level	Report	Order	Drop
Airline	Input	Nominal	No		No
CabinFlown	Input	Nominal	No		No
CateringRating	Input	Interval	No		No
Date	Time ID	Interval	No		No
EntertainmentR	Input	Interval	No		No
Location	Input	Nominal	No		No
Recommended	Input	Nominal	No		No
Review	Text	Nominal	No		No
Reviewer	Input	Nominal	No		No
SeatComfort	Input	Interval	No		No
ValueForMoney	Input	Interval	No		No

Figure 3.7 Metadata Information

Valid: Average Squared Error						
0.102341 0.112089						
0.121607						

Figure 3.8 Validation ASE for Text Mining Model Comparison

Selected Model	Predecess or Node	Model Node	Model Descriptio n	Target Variable	Target Label
Y	Tree	Tree		Recomm	
	Neural	Neural	Neural N	Recomm	Recomm
	Reg	Reg	Regressi	Recomm	Recomm

Figure 3.9 Model Comparison for Text Mining

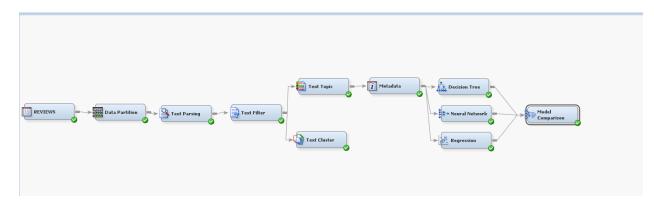


Figure 3.10 Process Flow for Text Mining Analysis

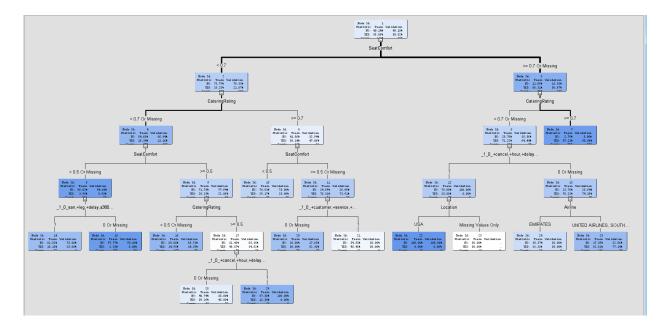


Figure 3.11 Text Mining Decision Tree